



**Chemotherapy: PD-1 Inhibitor
Keytruda (pembrolizumab) J9271
Prior Authorization Request
Medicare Part B Form**

Instructions: * Indicates required information – Form may be returned if required information is not provided. Please fax this request to the appropriate fax number listed at the bottom of the page.

<input type="checkbox"/>	NEW START - Start Date: _____	<input type="checkbox"/>	Continuation (within 365 days): Date of last treatment _____
<input type="checkbox"/>	Date Requested _____		
	Requestor _____	Clinic name: _____	Phone _____ / Fax _____

MEMBER INFORMATION

*Name: _____ *ID#: _____ *DOB: _____

PRESCRIBER INFORMATION

*Name: _____ MD FNP DO NP PA *Phone: _____

*Address: _____ *Fax: _____

DISPENSING PROVIDER / ADMINISTRATION INFORMATION

*Name: _____ Phone: _____

*Address: _____ Fax: _____

PROCEDURE / PRODUCT INFORMATION

HCPC Code	Name of Drug <input type="checkbox"/> Self-administered	Dose (Wt: _____ kg Ht: _____)	Frequency	End Date if known

Chart notes attached. **Other important information:** _____

Diagnosis: ICD10: _____ **Description:** _____

Provider attests the diagnosis provided is an FDA-Approved indication for this drug

CLINICAL INFORMATION

New Start or Initial Request: (Clinical documentation required for all requests)
 Provider has reviewed the attached “Criteria for Approval” and attests the member meets ALL required PA criteria.
 If not, please provide **clinical rationale** for formulary exception: _____

Continuation Requests: (Clinical documentation required for all requests)
 Provider has reviewed the attached “Criteria for Continuation” and attests the member meets ALL required PA Continuation criteria.
 Patient had an adequate response or significant improvement while on this medication.
 If not, please provide clinical rationale for continuing this medication: _____

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Request By (Signature Required): _____ **Date:** ____ / ____ / ____

Any person who knowingly files a request for authorization of coverage of a medical procedure or service with the intent to injure, defraud or deceive any insurance company by providing materially false information or conceals material information for the purpose of misleading, commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime and subjects such person to criminal and civil penalties. **THIS AUTHORIZATION IS NOT A GUARANTEE OF PAYMENT. PAYMENT IS BASED ON BENEFITS IN EFFECT AT THE TIME OF SERVICE, MEMBER ELIGIBILITY AND MEDICAL NECESSITY.**

Prior Authorization Group – Oncology: PD-1 Inhibitors PA

Drug Name(s):

**KEYTRUDA
PEMBROLIZUMAB**

Criteria for approval of Prior Authorization Drug:

1. Prescribed for an approved FDA diagnosis (as listed below):
2. Prescribed by, or in consultation with an oncologist or other cancer specialist related to the diagnosis.
3. Drug is being used appropriately per CMS recognized compendia, authoritative medical literature, evidence-based guidelines and/or accepted standards of medical practice.
4. Member does not have any clinically relevant contraindications, or CMS/Plan exclusions, to the requested drug.
 - If the member meets all these criteria, they may be approved by the Plan for the requested drug.
 - Quantity limits and Tiering will be determined by the Plan.

Exclusion Criteria:

Cannot be prescribed for experimental or investigational use.

Prescriber Restrictions:

Oncologist or other cancer specialist

Coverage Duration:

New Start: Approval will be for 6 months

Continuation: Approval will be for 12 months

FDA Indications:

Keytruda

- Carcinoma of urinary bladder, superficial, Bacillus Calmette-Guerin (BCG)-unresponsive, high-risk, with carcinoma in situ, with or without papillary tumors in patients ineligible for or have elected not to undergo cystectomy
- Cervical cancer, Recurrent or metastatic disease, on or after chemotherapy, in tumors that express PD-L1, as a single agent
- Cervical cancer, Persistent, recurrent, or metastatic disease in tumors that express PD-L1, in combination with chemotherapy, with or without bevacizumab
- Colorectal cancer, unresectable or metastatic, Microsatellite instability-high, Or mismatch repair deficient
- Endometrial carcinoma, Carcinoma, advanced disease, not microsatellite instability-high (MSI-H) or mismatch repair deficient (dMMR), in combination with lenvatinib in patients with disease progression following prior systemic therapy in any setting who are not candidates for curative surgery or radiation
- Esophageal cancer, Locally advanced or metastatic, not amenable to surgical resection or definitive chemoradiation, in combination with platinum- and fluoropyrimidine-based chemotherapy, or as a single agent after 1 or more prior lines of systemic therapy in PD-L1-expressing tumors of squamous cell histology
- Esophagogastric cancer, Adenocarcinoma, locally advanced or metastatic, PD-L1 expression, after failure of 2 or more fluoropyrimidine- and platinum- containing therapies
- Esophagogastric cancer, Adenocarcinoma, locally advanced unresectable or metastatic, HER2-positive, first-line in combination with trastuzumab, fluoropyrimidine- and platinum-containing chemotherapy
- Esophagogastric cancer, Locally advanced or metastatic, not amenable to surgical resection or definitive chemoradiation, in combination with platinum- and fluoropyrimidine-based chemotherapy, or as a single agent after 1 or more prior lines of systemic therapy in PD-L1-expressing tumors of squamous cell histology

- Gastric cancer, Adenocarcinoma, locally advanced unresectable or metastatic, HER2-positive, first-line in combination with trastuzumab, fluoropyrimidine- and platinum-containing chemotherapy
- Head and neck cancer, Metastatic or unresectable, recurrent squamous cell, first-line, with PD-L1 overexpression, as a single-agent
- Head and neck cancer, Metastatic or unresectable, recurrent squamous cell, first-line treatment in combination with platinum and fluorouracil
- Head and neck cancer, Recurrent or metastatic, squamous cell, with disease progression on or after platinum-based chemotherapy, as a single-agent
- High tumor mutational burden - Solid tumor, Unresectable or metastatic, progression following prior treatment
- Hodgkin's disease, Classical, refractory or relapsed
- Hodgkin's disease, Classical, refractory or relapsed after 2 or more prior lines of therapy
- Liver carcinoma, In patients previously treated with sorafenib
- Malignant melanoma, Adjuvant, with stage IIB, IIC, or III following complete resection
- Malignant melanoma, Unresectable or metastatic
- Merkel cell carcinoma, Recurrent, locally advanced or metastatic
- Metastatic urothelial carcinoma, Or locally advanced, in patients with not eligible for any platinum-containing chemotherapy regimen regardless of PD-L1 status
- Metastatic urothelial carcinoma, Progression during or after platinum-containing chemotherapy or within 12 months of neoadjuvant or adjuvant platinum-containing chemotherapy
- Microsatellite instability-high, Or mismatch repair deficient - Solid tumor, Unresectable or metastatic, progressed following prior treatment and who have no satisfactory alternative treatment options
- Non-small cell lung cancer, Metastatic, PD-L1 expression, with disease progression on or after platinum-based chemotherapy; patients with EGFR or ALK genomic tumor aberrations should have disease progression on FDA-approved therapy for these aberrations prior to receiving pembrolizumab
- Non-small cell lung cancer, PD-L1 expression, first-line treatment, with no EGFR or ALK tumor aberrations and is metastatic or stage 3 where patients are not candidates for surgical resection or definitive chemoradiation
- Non-small cell lung cancer, Stage 3, PD-L1 expression, with no EGFR or ALK tumor aberrations; first-line treatment in those ineligible for surgical resection or definitive chemoradiation
- Nonsquamous non-small cell lung cancer, Metastatic disease without EGFR or ALK aberrations, first-line treatment in combination with pemetrexed and platinum chemotherapy
- Primary mediastinal (thymic) large B-cell lymphoma, Refractory or relapsed after 2 or more lines of therapy
- Renal cell carcinoma, Advanced, first-line therapy in combination with axitinib
- Renal cell carcinoma, Advanced, in combination with lenvatinib, first-line treatment
- Renal cell carcinoma, Adjuvant treatment, in patients with intermediate-high or high risk of recurrence following nephrectomy, or following nephrectomy and resection of metastatic lesion
- Squamous cell carcinoma of skin, Recurrent or metastatic or locally advanced, not curable by surgery or radiation
- Squamous non-small cell lung cancer, Metastatic, first-line treatment in combination with carboplatin and either paclitaxel or nab-paclitaxel
- Triple-negative breast cancer, High-risk early-stage, in combination with chemotherapy as neoadjuvant treatment, then continued as a single agent as adjuvant treatment after surgery
- Triple-negative breast cancer, Locally recurrent unresectable or metastatic disease whose tumors express PD-L1, in combination with chemotherapy

Off-Label Uses:

- Anal cancer, Advanced or metastatic squamous cell disease, previously treated
- Malignant mesothelioma of pleura, Previously treated



Age Restrictions:

N/A

Other Clinical Considerations:

Criteria as per NCCN or other FDA-approved cancer related guidelines.

Resources:

https://www.micromedexsolutions.com/micromedex2/librarian/CS/B3282F/ND_PR/evidenceexpert/ND_P/evidenceexpert/DUPLICATIONSHIELDSYN/C/35839B/ND_PG/evidenceexpert/ND_B/evidenceexpert/ND_AppProduct/evidenceexpert/ND_T/evidenceexpert/PFActionId/evidenceexpert.GoToDashboard?docId=931040&contentSetId=100&title=Pembrolizumab&servicesTitle=Pembrolizumab&brandName=Keytruda&UserMdxSearchTerm=Keytruda&=null#

CLINICAL / CMS
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